



Porto 0,75 €

**Adruk Lopo, a respected monk
from Lithang Monastery**

拯救人權

Fight for Human Rights!

*Governor of the Sichuan
Provincial People's Government*

Jiang Jufen

c/o Protocol and Press Division of
Foreign Affairs Office of Sichuan
100 Dongsanduan, Yihuanlu

Chengdushi 610 021

Sichuansheng

People's Republic of China

Volksrepublik China



Porto 0,75 €

**Adruk Lopo, a respected monk
from Lithang Monastery**

拯救人權

Fight for Human Rights!

成都市公安局局長

*Director of the Sichuan Provincial
Department of Public Security*

Li Kunxue Juzhang

Chengdushi Gonganju
144 Wenwulu, Qingyang Qu

Chengdushi 610 016

Sichuansheng

People's Republic of China

Volksrepublik China



Porto 0,75 €

**Adruk Lopo, a respected monk
from Lithang Monastery**

拯救人權

Fight for Human Rights!

*Director of the Sichuan Provincial
Department of Justice*

Zeng Xianzhang Tingzhang

Sichuansheng Sifating

24 Shangxiangjie

Chengdushi 610015

Sichuansheng

People's Republic of China

Volksrepublik China



Porto 0,75 €

**Adruk Lopo, a respected monk
from Lithang Monastery**

拯救人權

Fight for Human Rights!

Mr. Mads Andenas

**Working Group
on Arbitrary Detention**

*c/o Office of the High Commis-
sioner for Human Rights*

United Nations Office

CH-1211 Geneva 10

Schweiz

Dear Director,

I am deeply disturbed and outraged to learn that Adruk Lopo (Lupo), a 50-year old Tibetan monk of Lithang Monastery, who has been leading the call for the release of his uncle Rongye Adrak (Rongji Azha), has been sentenced to ten years in prison for doing nothing more than exercising his basic right to free speech. Adruk was unjustly convicted of "splitting the country" by the People's Court in Dartsedo in Eastern Tibet. This respected monk is an innocent man and must be released immediately.

By persecuting Adruk Lopo for his peaceful act, you are violating his fundamental right to freely express his views without fear of punishment. According to Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights "every person has the right to freedom of opinion and expression; this right includes freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers."

Your sentencing of Adruk Lopo and his companions will be viewed by the outside world as proof that the Chinese government does not respect the fundamental rights of the Tibetan people to freely express their opinion and expression as enshrined under Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

If China is ever to be respected as leader on the global stage you will need to demonstrate to the world that your respect for the rights of the Tibetan people, as set out even in your own laws, extends to more than mere rhetoric. Your current actions reflect nothing more than that of an occupying power brutally suppressing any dissent expressed by the Tibetan people and your international image is consequently tarnished.

In recognition of the concerned individuals human rights, we urge you to quash the sentences of Runggye Adak, Adruk Lopo, Kenkhyen and Luthok and release them immediately. Yours faithfully,

Name, Address:

Dear Sir,

I am deeply disturbed and outraged to learn that Adruk Lopo (Lupo), a 50-year old Tibetan monk of Lithang Monastery, who has been leading the call for the release of his uncle Rongye Adrak (Rongji Azha), has been sentenced to ten years in prison for doing nothing more than exercising his basic right to free speech. Adruk was unjustly convicted of "splitting the country" by the People's Court in Dartsedo in Eastern Tibet. This respected monk is an innocent man and must be released immediately.

By persecuting Adruk Lopo for his peaceful act, the Chinese authorities are violating his fundamental right to freely express his views without fear of punishment. According to Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights "every person has the right to freedom of opinion and expression; this right includes freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers."

The sentencing of Adruk Lopo and his companions will be viewed by the outside world as proof that the Chinese government does not respect the fundamental rights of the Tibetan people to freely express their opinion and expression as enshrined under Article 19 of the UDHR.

If China is ever to be respected as leader on the global stage, she will need to demonstrate to the world that her respect for the rights of the Tibetan people, as set out even in her own laws, extends to more than mere rhetoric. The current actions of the Chinese reflect nothing more than that of an occupying power brutally suppressing any dissent expressed by the Tibetan people. whereby their international image is consequently tarnished.

In recognition of the concerned individuals human rights, we urge you to appeal to the Chinese government to quash the sentences of Adruk Lopo and his companions and release them immediately. Yours faithfully,

Name, Address:

Dear Governor,

I am deeply disturbed and outraged to learn that Adruk Lopo (Lupo), a 50-year old Tibetan monk of Lithang Monastery, who has been leading the call for the release of his uncle Rongye Adrak (Rongji Azha), has been sentenced to ten years in prison for doing nothing more than exercising his basic right to free speech. Adruk was unjustly convicted of "splitting the country" by the People's Court in Dartsedo in Eastern Tibet. This respected monk is an innocent man and must be released immediately.

By persecuting Adruk Lopo for his peaceful act, you are violating his fundamental right to freely express his views without fear of punishment. According to Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights "every person has the right to freedom of opinion and expression; this right includes freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers."

Your sentencing of Adruk Lopo and his companions will be viewed by the outside world as proof that the Chinese government does not respect the fundamental rights of the Tibetan people to freely express their opinion and expression as enshrined under Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

If China is ever to be respected as leader on the global stage you will need to demonstrate to the world that your respect for the rights of the Tibetan people, as set out even in your own laws, extends to more than mere rhetoric. Your current actions reflect nothing more than that of an occupying power brutally suppressing any dissent expressed by the Tibetan people and your international image is consequently tarnished.

In recognition of the concerned individuals human rights, we urge you to quash the sentences of Runggye Adak, Adruk Lopo, Kenkhyen and Luthok and release them immediately. Yours faithfully,

Name, Address:

Dear Director,

I am deeply disturbed and outraged to learn that Adruk Lopo (Lupo), a 50-year old Tibetan monk of Lithang Monastery, who has been leading the call for the release of his uncle Rongye Adrak (Rongji Azha), has been sentenced to ten years in prison for doing nothing more than exercising his basic right to free speech. Adruk was unjustly convicted of "splitting the country" by the People's Court in Dartsedo in Eastern Tibet. This respected monk is an innocent man and must be released immediately.

By persecuting Adruk Lopo for his peaceful act, you are violating his fundamental right to freely express his views without fear of punishment. According to Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights "every person has the right to freedom of opinion and expression; this right includes freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers."

Your sentencing of Adruk Lopo and his companions will be viewed by the outside world as proof that the Chinese government does not respect the fundamental rights of the Tibetan people to freely express their opinion and expression as enshrined under Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

If China is ever to be respected as leader on the global stage you will need to demonstrate to the world that your respect for the rights of the Tibetan people, as set out even in your own laws, extends to more than mere rhetoric. Your current actions reflect nothing more than that of an occupying power brutally suppressing any dissent expressed by the Tibetan people and your international image is consequently tarnished.

In recognition of the concerned individuals human rights, we urge you to quash the sentences of Runggye Adak, Adruk Lopo, Kenkhyen and Luthok and release them immediately. Yours faithfully,

Name, Address: